# Research to assess the demographic parameters of New Zealand sea lions, Auckland Islands <br> Contract Number: POP 2010/01 

NZ sea lion research trip, Auckland Islands, December ${ }^{\text {th }} 2010$ to February $\mathbf{1 7}^{\text {th }} 2011$

## Progress Report

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This progress report outlines key findings from the 2010/11 New Zealand sea lion research field trip to the Auckland Islands. The field trip covered the period from December 4th 2010 when the first team arrived on Enderby Island through to the departure of the second team from the Island on February $17^{\text {th }}$ 2011, and continues annual surveys of the Auckland Island breeding sites of the New Zealand sea lions (Phocarctos hookeri). Full findings will be reported at a later date.

## Objectives

The objectives of the project were:

1. To collect field data that will allow quantification and estimation of:

- pup production,
- survival of previously marked New Zealand sea lions, - reproduction by known-age female New Zealand sea lions;

2. To maintain and update the New Zealand sea lion database; and
3. To make available field data for relevant modelling work;

## Logistics

The scientific trip was split into two parts to allow changes in personnel: December 4th January $10^{\text {th }}$, and January $10^{\text {th }}$ - February $20^{\text {th }}$. The first science team comprised of three people: Nathan McNally (DOC, Otago), Elaine Leung (University of Otago) and Andy Maloney (Contractor). The second team comprised of six people: Louise Chilvers (DOC, MCT), Kerri Morgan (Massey University), Amelie Auge (Otago University), Chris Muller (Contractor), Myles Riki (DOC, West Coast Tai Poutini) and Dave Johnson (DOC, Te Anu). Transport during the season was aboard the Tiama and Evohe under charter to DOC R\&D. All personnel were accommodated in the two huts at Sandy Bay.

## Pup production estimate

Estimates of pup production were calculated for the breeding sites in the Auckland Islands between 10 January to $6^{\text {th }}$ February (Tables 1 and 2, Figure 1). Mark recapture estimates have been used as the estimates of pup production from Sandy Bay and Dundas Island, while Figure of Eight Island and South East Point areas were estimated using direct counts. Mean estimates are presented here $\pm$ standard error for total pup production at each site. Methods used follow those described by Chilvers (2011). The total pup production estimate for 2011 was $1542 \pm 41$ for 2011 (Figure 1).

On the $16^{\text {th }}$ of January, the mark-recapture estimate at Sandy Bay was undertaken. The mark-recapture estimated 359 pups $\pm 7$, there were 19 dead pups at that date giving a total pup production of $378 \pm 7.360$ pups were tagged and PIT tagged by the $17^{\text {th }}$ of January. Comparison between M-R estimates and absolute pup numbers tagged on Sandy Bay showed a difference 1 pup, confirming the techniques accuracy for use of M-R estimates of pup production on Dundas Island. By the end of the season at Sandy Bay 30 pups were recorded dead.

The mark recapture estimate at Dundas Island was completed on February $6^{\text {th }}, 17$ days later than planned, due to a severe storm event on 17 January that impacted on transport logistics. The mark-recapture estimated 944 live pups $\pm 40$ and 137 dead pups were counted giving a total pup production $1081 \pm 40$. The logistical constraints also meant no team could be left on Dundas Island over night for safety reasons. This meant no pups were tagged on Dundas Islands, the mark-recapture was conducted on a single day rather than over two days as planned and only 200 caps were placed out on pups rather than 400 as planned. However, all M-R assumption were met i.e.

1. All pups were born by mark-recapture dates;
2. All pups were accessible for marking;
3. All pups were mobile and mixed well after being marked;
4. Marks were not lost before M-R counts; and
5. Mortality was negligible in the time between marking and recapturing.

The standard error of the estimate was of similar magnitude to previous years (Table 1).
For the purposes of this progress report no attempt has been made to make any adjustment to estimates of pup production due to these differences in methodology.

A direct count was made at Figure of Eight Island on the $10^{\text {th }}$ January. 71 live pups $\pm 2$ and 8 dead pups were counted giving a total of $79 \pm 2$ pups.

Counts were conducted at South East Point throughout the season. 4 pups (2 confirmed dead, two absent) had been counted at SEP giving a total of 4 pups.

The estimate of pup production from the Auckland Islands was $15 \%$ lower between 2009/10 and 2010/11 (Figure 1, Appendix 1).

Figure 1. Annual pup production for the Auckland Islands 1997/98 to 2010/11.


Note: 2011 methodology varies from previous years

Table 1: Pup production estimates for Auckland Islands ( $\pm$ standard error for total pup production at each site)

| Season | Sandy Bay |  |  | Dundas Island |  |  | Figure of Eight Island |  |  | South East <br> Point |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | total | alive | dead | Total | alive | dead | total | alive | dead | total | alive | dead |
| 98/99 | 513 | 473 | 40 | 2186 | 1957 | 229 | 109 | 100 | 9 | 59 | 42 | 17 |
| 99/00 | 506 | 482 | 24 | 2163 | 2039 | 124 | 137 | 131 | 6 | 50 | 37 | 13 |
| 00/01 | 562 | 527 | 35 | 2148 | 1802 | 346 | 94 | 92 | 2 | 55 | 47 | 8 |
| 01/02 | 403 | 320 | 83 | 1756 | 1395 | 361 | 96 | 90 | 6 | 27 | 21 | 6 |
| 02/03 | 489 | 408 | 80 | 1891 | 1555 | 336 | 95 | 89 | 5 | 43 | 26 | 17 |
| 03/04 | 507 | 473 | 34 | 1869 | 1749 | 120 | 87 | 86 | 1 | 52 | 39 | 13 |
| 04/05 | 441 | 411 | 30 | 1587 | 1513 | 74 | 83 | 79 | 4 | 37 | 31 | 6 |
| 05/06 | 422 | 383 | 39 | 1581 | 1349 | 232 | 62 | 55 | 7 | 24 | 20 | 4 |
| 06/07 | 437 | 414 | 23 | 1693 | 1587 | 106 | 70 | 67 | 3 | 24 | 19 | 5 |
| 07/08 | $448 \pm 5$ | 425 | 23 | $1635 \pm 44$ | 1512 | 123 | $74 \pm 1$ | 72 | 2 | 18 | 13 | 5 |
| 08/09 | $301 \pm 2$ | 289 | 12 | $1132 \pm 16$ | 1065 | 67 | $54 \pm 1$ | 48 | 6 | 14 | 8 | 6 |
| 09/10 | $385 \pm 6$ | 364 | 21 | $1369 \pm 35$ | 1218 | 151 | $55 \pm 1$ | 48 | 7 | 5 | 1 | 4 |
| 10/11 | $378 \pm 7$ | 359 | 19 | $1081 \pm 40$ | 944 | 137 | $79 \pm 2$ | 71 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 2 |

Table 2: Total pup production from the Auckland Islands (NB. These estimates do not include an estimate of pup production from Campbell Island).

| Season | Annual pup production |  | \% Annual <br> change in <br> no. pups <br> born | \% Mortality at <br> mark recapture <br> estimate date |  | \% Mortality <br> ot end of <br> season <br> (SB only) |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Total | Alive | Dead |  | Total | SB <br> only |  |
| $98 / 99$ | 2867 | 2572 | 295 | $-5.1 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $9 \%$ |
| $99 / 00$ | 2856 | 2689 | 167 | $-0.4 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $11 \%$ |
| $00 / 01$ | 2859 | 2468 | 391 | $0.1 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| $01 / 02$ | 2282 | 1826 | 456 | $-20.2 \%$ | $20 \%$ | $21 \%$ | $33 \%$ |
| $02 / 03$ | 2518 | 2078 | 438 | $10.3 \%$ | $17 \%$ | $16 \%$ | $21 \%$ |
| $03 / 04$ | 2515 | 2347 | 168 | $-0.001 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $8 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| $04 / 05$ | 2148 | 2034 | 114 | $-14.6 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| $05 / 06$ | 2089 | 1807 | 282 | $-2.8 \%$ | $14 \%$ | $9 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| $06 / 07$ | 2224 | 2087 | 137 | $6.4 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $16 \%$ |
| $07 / 08$ | $2175 \pm 44$ | 2022 | 153 | $-2 \%$ | $7 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $14 \%$ |
| $08 / 09$ | $1501 \pm 16$ | 1410 | 91 | $-31 \%$ | $6 \%$ | $4 \%$ | $12 \%$ |
| $09 / 10$ | $1814 \pm 36$ | 1631 | 183 | $+21 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| $10 / 11$ | $1542 \pm 41$ | 1376 | 166 | $-15 \%$ | $10 \%$ | $5 \%$ | $8 \%$ |
| Actual number of pups recorded as dead $10 / 11$ | 166 | 19 | 30 |  |  |  |  |

## Pup tagging

Pups have been tagged to provide a pool of known age individuals for the estimation of parameters such as survival, recruitment and reproductive rate as part of the long-term study. Tags applied were 'coffin’ shaped Dalton 'Jumbo' tags with a letter and three-digit number combination. All pups were tagged in both flippers. All live pups at Sandy Bay (360 by the $17^{\text {th }}$ January) and 31 pups on Figure of Eight Island were tagged with yellow coffin shaped Dalton 'Jumbo' tags. The 360 pups at Sandy Bay were also PIT tagged.

## Resighting of previously marked individuals

Daily counts of all animals and resights of tags and brands on NZ sea lions were undertaken on Enderby Island to understand the composition of animals at this breeding site and to enable the calculation of survival, recruitment and fecundity of animals. Daily checks were undertaken at Sandy Bay with approximately 7000 resights made on $>1100$ animals previously tagged or branded (including 278 individuals identified from a chip).

## Acknowledgements

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## Reference

Chilvers, BL 2011. Research to assess the demographic parameters and at sea distribution of New Zealand sea lions, Auckland Islands. Draft final research report POP2007-01. Department of Conservation, Wellington.

Appendix 1 Raw mark-recapture values (for Sandy Bay and Dundas) and direct counts (for Figure of Eight) for the 2010/11 season

|  | 2010/11 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Sandy Bay | Marked | Unmarked |
| Pups capped / marked | 148 |  |
| Counter 1a | 56 | 87 |
| 1b | 57 | 93 |
| 1c | 68 | 82 |
| Counter 2a | 58 | 76 |
| 2b | 62 | 94 |
| 2c | 63 | 101 |
| Counter 3a | 94 | 121 |
| 3b | 87 | 123 |
| 3c | 92 | 131 |
|  |  |  |
| Dundas | 199 |  |
| Pups capped / marked | 70 | 244 |
| Counter 1a | 100 | 379 |
| 1b | 82 | 376 |
| Counter 2a | 98 | 371 |
| 2b | 134 | 411 |
| Counter 3a | 117 | 453 |
| 3b |  |  |
|  | Alive | Dead |
| Figure of Eight | 74 | 8 |
| Count 1 | 72 | 8 |
| Count 2 | 66 |  |
| Count 3 |  |  |

