



MINE WORKSHOP 1

This building was constructed in 1945 as an engineer's workshop. The corrugated iron-clad lean-to was a store and office. It was here that Andy Burt and later Jimmy Caldwell and their workers maintained the aerial ropeway and other mine machinery about the Brakehead and Incline. The building across the road was where Company cars were stored and serviced. Jimmy's brother Dave (pictured above with Jack Tinetti) worked for a time as a mechanic using both buildings located here.

Mine Workshop. One of the larger houses atop Denniston, it was used by company directors when visiting their investment. The Company went to the trouble of carting soil up the hill to create a lawn out front, although it looks like it could do with a mow. (See photograph below, taken some time after 1947 when the verandah was glassed-in.) Part of the path Len Besset stands on remains today.



ANDERSON COLLECTION

the mines surveyor, Mr Shand (3a). By then the Police Station had moved to the central cluster of Denniston (3b) near The Club.

One of the most frequent police duties at Denniston was enforcing liquor laws; or not enforcing them. With some "iron men" miners drinking all weekend, enforcement duties could have created enormous friction. Denniston locals Geoff Kitchin and Andy Kerr recalled one policeman who would come into the bar after hours, knowing full well that men were hiding in the toilets and in the hotel's bedrooms, and would chat away to the barman about rugby, the weather, family matters and general chitchat, then conclude with a "Well, I guess the boys will be getting thirsty so I'll be on my way now."

mine as President and Mr Boswell as Secretary and about 50 members. They had a very good stock of chemicals there, worth over £25.1 lectured every evening during my stay, and also held classes in testing minerals, assaying and blowpipe. The usual attendance was about 40, all members of their School of Mines and I must say I never met a

Brakehead, The Club survived the 1909 fire which razed a few

tables and the caretakers' living quarters.

surrounding buildings to the ground. In 1923 many Brakehead

buildings were demolished to make way for new bin extensions,

with the Club being demolished but rebuilt on Jamieson Street to

"On the 23 November last, I went to Denniston, where the coal mines

had formed a School of Mines with Mr Brown Manager of the coal

incorporate the Library. The Library included a games room, billiard

more intelligent lot of men, or any men more anxious to learn than the Denniston Coal Miners. When I left to go to Westport they made me promise to return again which I did, from the 4 to 14 January."

Report of Mr Thomas F. Fenton to Professor Black, Otago University, Dunedin, April 30 1887.

### CARPENTERS' WORKSHOP 5

The Westport Coal Company's carpenters were based in the large workshop at the Brakehead. They worked both above and below ground. All timber came up the Incline. At the top it was lifted by crane either to the creeper that took it to the surface rope road and on to the mines, or it was railed to the carpenters' workshop. Above ground work included maintaining the Company houses. Many of these were built in 1920 after the Company was criticised by a Government Enquiry and a Royal Commission for its sub-standard accommodation. In fact 200 new houses were recommended but only 40 were ever built. Another carpentry job was making coffins, for which a store of special timber was reserved. The rocky ground was too hard to dig graves and before a road was built, coffins were lowered down the Incline atop a coal wagon. Denniston local Frank Robertson left school at 14 and became an apprentice carpenter. He recalled making everything from finely-crafted coffins to huge coal storage bins requiring 200mm x 250mm beams.

# A LOOK AT DENNISTON

#### PLACES IN THE TOWN

1940s

When this photograph was taken in the 1940s no houses remained on the cliffs below the bins known as The Camp.

BURNETTS FACE

MARSHALLVALE

DENNISTON SCHOO

OWLING GREEN



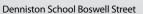


Parts for the aerial ropeway were made both on and off site. The wheels hat held and turned the rope on each tower were made in Greymouth at Dispatch Foundry. Their shape was carefully designed and engineered for strength. Much of the ropeway was assembled on site and according to the ecollections of Max Higgins, it was carried out during winter in freezing conditions. Photograph: the aerial servicing the Whareatea Mine.

# DENNISTON SCHOOL 1883 – 1941 6 (ALSO SEE PREVIOUS PAGE)

Denniston's first school was at the Camp while the second one (1883-1941) sat to the far right of this image. If you were to start the Brakehead Walk you would walk across the old school playground.

A school opened at The Camp in 1881 and just two years later the one near here opened. It had a separate building for infants while the senior school (standard 1-6) operated with three large classrooms. Burnetts Face had its own school by 1891. When Denniston's 'large school' opened in 1941, it combined the schools on the Plateau and children travelled by bus. Part of that school now houses the Friends of the Hill Museum.







Denniston's first Post Office opened in a private home with mine manager Mr Elliot as postmaster. Until 1896 all mail was carried up and down the Incline on the coal wagons. After a telephone exchange opened in 1913 the Post Office shifted, taking over the large Denniston mine manager's house.



DENNISTON AERIAL ROPEWAY 1954 – 1968 (SEE PREVIOUS PAGE)

Some of the first relics encountered on the Brakehead Walk are those of the aerial ropeway that dominated the skyscape for 14 years. The sound of the buckets travelling to and from the distant Whareatea Mine was rarely noticed as by 1954 only a few homes remained at Denniston and fewer still at the Brakehead; most workers lived off the Hill. Where the ropeway passed over the road, an overhead cage was built to catch falling coal (see photograph below).



### BURNETTS FACE POST OFFICE 1891 – 1953 **9**

Burnetts Face became large enough by 1891 to have its own postal service. One long-serving postmistress there was Mary Meadows. Her husband died from mine injuries in 1920 and to survive with her young daughter she took over running the Post Office from a small room attached to her equally small corrugated iron-clad home.

Mary took an interest in everybody's business. To counter this, one family whose daughter was living away from home and expecting a baby arranged for a telegram to be sent in code when the baby was born. It was a boy. The telegram read 'Parcel arrived safely. String attached.' It took Mary less than ten minutes to break the code and spread the news throughout Denniston even before the telegram had been delivered. Mary Meadows served 19 years until the Post Office finally closed.

# A LOOK AT DENNISTON

### PLACE AND STREET NAMES

### PLATEAU PLACE NAMES

#### **DENNISTON**

Named after Robert Blair Denniston who first realised the potential of the district.

#### THE CAMP

Where the first settlers built their homes, overlooking the

#### **MARSHALLVALE**

Named after Alexander Marshall, Mine Manager; locally known as Pommy Town after the British immigrant miners who settled here in the 1920s, into higher-quality company houses that were built in response to a Government Royal Commission of Enquiry into housing.

#### **BURNETTS FACE**

Named after James Burnett, a member of Haast's 1860 exploratory party.

#### **COALBROOKDALE**

Named by Haast after an English mining village.

#### **POVERTY POINT**

Part of Coalbrookdale. So called because single men in early days lived there in shelters built of manuka and canvas, owing to lack of timber.

#### **CEDAR VALLEY**

So called due to a large stand of these trees found there.

#### **CONNS CREEK**

Named after an early gold prospector.

## DENNISTON STREET NAMES

#### **BOSWELL STREET**

After James Boswell, first Head Clerk and Paymaster.

#### **BROWNS ROAD**

After J.C. Brown, Mine Manager.

### **CHURCH STREET**

Led to the old Roman Catholic Church.

#### **DICKSON STREET**

18

After W.H. Dickson, the first General Manager of the Company.



