

GINSENG

There are two types of ginseng on CITES: both are on Appendix II of CITES. How can they be identified? What are the rules?

AMERICAN GINSENG / SHI YANG SHEN (*Panax quinquefolius*)

INCLUDED under CITES: whole and sliced roots and parts of roots	EXCLUDED under CITES: all other specimens (powders, pills, tea*, extracts, etc.)
	

*We are seeing more teabags that are filled with sliced roots. These are excluded from CITES. If teabags contain pieces bigger than slices roots, seize and direct to DOC CITES Ranger.

FROM CANADA:

	PERSONAL USE	COMMERCIAL USE
Artificially propagated	Roots – small quantities (<4.5kg): -each shipment is accompanied by a sticker permit (see below) rather than a photocopy of the CITES permit if hand-carried out of Canada.	-Multiple-Use Export Permits for Cultivated American Ginseng issued by Canadian Wildlife Service.
Wild	The exportation of wild American ginseng is <u>prohibited</u> from Canada.	The exportation of wild American ginseng is <u>prohibited</u> from Canada.



FROM US:

	PERSONAL	COMMERCIAL
Artificially propagated	Permits required if legally acquired outside of New Zealand.	Permits required – Multiple Commercial Shipment permit issued.
Wild	Only roots five years older or more can be exported; permit required.	Only roots five years older or more can be exported; permit required.



RED GINSENG / RENSHEN (*Panax ginseng*)

Only the population of Russian Federation is included

INCLUDED under CITES: whole and sliced roots and parts of roots



EXCLUDED under CITES:
all other specimens (powders, pills,
tea, extracts, etc.)

