

Eruption Hazard Awareness

Te Maari Eruption Craters 2013



Rāhui

To ensure that the spiritual, emotional, cultural and physical wellbeing of Tongariro and all people who come to enjoy the experience of Tongariro is kept safe and protected from harm.

Read Carefully:

- The area known as Upper Te Maari Crater on the northern side of Mt Tongariro erupted from several vents on 6th August and 21st November, 2012.
- **You** are still at **risk** from further volcanic eruptions if you are within the 3 kilometre Active Volcanic Hazard Zone around Te Maari.
- You **enter** the Te Maari Volcanic Hazard Zone at your **own risk**.
- You should move **quickly** through this Volcanic Hazard zone.
- **Be aware** of the potential of **renewed** volcanic activity.
- The main dangers will be from **burning ash clouds** and **flying rocks**.

Should an eruption occur:

- **Stop, watch** for burning ash clouds and flying rocks.
- **Run away from the path of fast moving burning ash clouds.**
- **Otherwise find shelter** behind something - banks, ridges or in hollows.
- **Don't turn away** from flying rocks unless you are sure they won't hit you.
- **Evacuate** out of the Hazard Zone along one of the indicated **escape routes**.
- Your **escape** route may be **uphill, downhill** or to the **west** away from the **eruption site**.

Other hazards:

- Falling ash
 - Gas
- } not normally toxic but move away from the area as quickly as possible

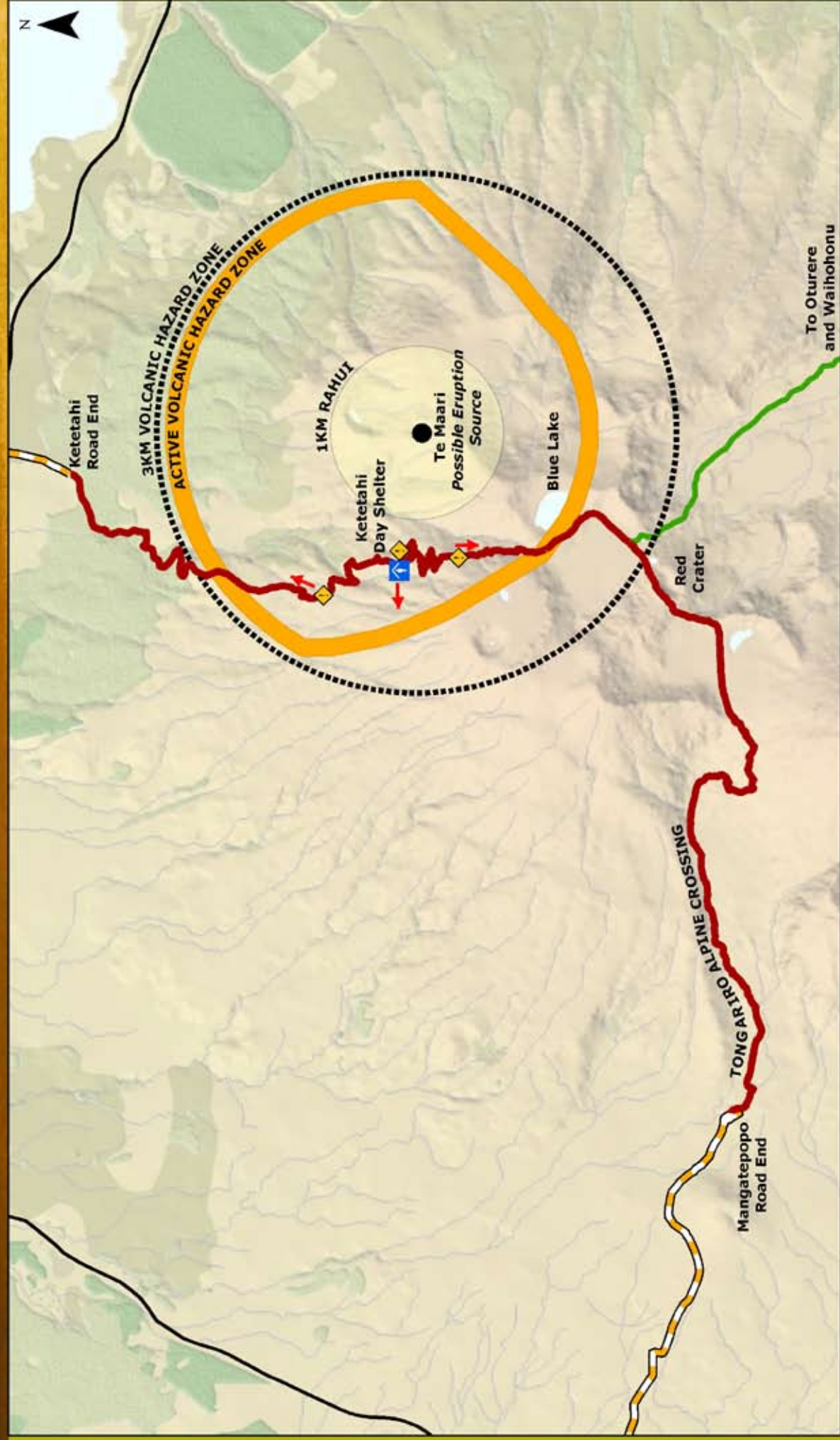
Always check weather conditions before leaving and wear footwear suitable for rough track conditions.



TE RŪNANGANUI O NGĀTI HIKAIRO KI TONGARIRO
Ngāti Hikairo ki Tongariro te Hapu
Ngāti Tuwharetoa te Iwi

Department of
Conservation
Te Papa Atawhai
New Zealand Government

Tongariro Alpine Crossing Escape routes in the event of an eruption



← In the event of an eruption move out of the hazard zone

