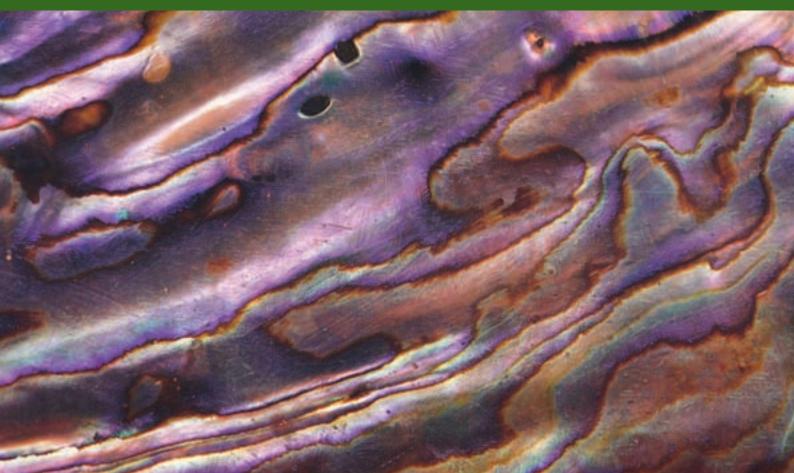
Maori methods and indicators for marine protection



Ngati Konohi interests and expectations for the rohe moana





Kaiora Pa looking north to Whangara

Kia whakanuitia, kia manaakitia, te oko a Tangaroa mo nga mokopuna e whai ake nei

To honour and sustain the bounty of Tangaroa for present and future generations

This report was prepared by a community research team comprising Ngati Konohi, Department of Conservation and Ministry for the Environment

The photos are from East Coast/Hawke's Bay Conservancy and DOC's Information Resource Centre, Wellington, the maps by Chris Edkins

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the health of their rohe	

Introduction

This report from the Ngati Konohi, Department of Conservation (DOC) and Ministry for the Environment (MfE) community research team aims to explore how different marine management systems are able to meet the goals and aspirations of Ngati Konohi in their rohe moana/coastal area and also meet wider conservation objectives. The marine management systems referred to in this project include marine reserves, taiapure/locally managed sea area, mataitai/reserved sea area for marae use and tangata kaitiaki/ caretakers of a given area.

The purpose of this report is to identify:

- Ngati Konohi's future goals and aspirations for the rohe moana
- The key species of importance to Ngati Konohi in the rohe moana
- How Ngati Konohi would like to use the different marine management systems in the rohe moana
- The tohu/signs or indicators that have traditionally been used or that are currently used by Ngati Konohi to tell them whether the rohe moana is healthy.

The report also contributes towards the second stage of the community research project which involves developing, monitoring and reporting on Ngati Konohi's tohu for the rohe moana.



Rahui Pou, overlooking Te Tapuae o Rongokako Marine Reserve; it was erected by Ngati Konohi for the opening of the reserve in November 1999

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